EUROPE-WIDE VS REGIONAL CERTIFICATION FRAMEWORKS :

The future European framework can provide clarity but raises a number of governance issues

By

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A diversity of standards, but why?









The future European framework can provide clarity and harmonization

Drawbacks of the current situation :

- Confusion for farmers and funders : how to evaluate the quality of each standard/methodology, what and who to trust?
- Reputation risk for the whole market if low-quality standards get criticized









The future European framework can provide clarity and harmonization

But it raises questions :

- 1. What is the future of existing standards?
- 2. What level of centralization for the European framework, with the challenges of comparability and robustness, as well as adaptability to different contexts and operationality?
- A survey will be launched with 3 levels of centralization for the different certification components : <u>EUSurvey - Survey (europa.eu)</u>

Centralisation level		
Highly centralised scenario with most of the certification components produced and approved at the EU level	National level plays a strong role in the European Framework with a strong involvement of Member States	Existing standards (public or private) play a strong role in the process.

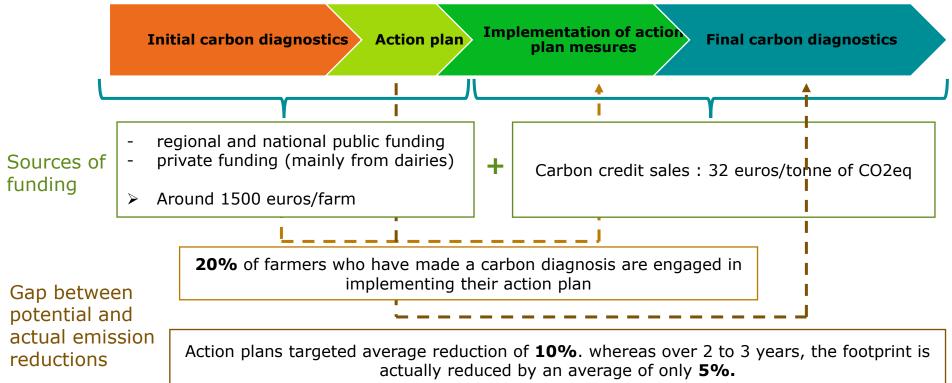






Sufficient involvement of local players in supporting farmers is essential

Lifecycle of a Label Bas Carbon projects in livestock sector



One of the main reason is the lack of technical support !

To sum up, the questions we want to adress are

- 1. What is the future for existing standards?
- 2. What is the most appropriate level of centralization for the future European framework ?
- 3. How to involve local players in agricultural development to ensure the deployment of local projects ?







